111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5546

To provide for the establishment of a fraud, waste, and abuse detection and mitigation program for the Medicare Program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 16, 2010

Mr. Roskam introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide for the establishment of a fraud, waste, and abuse detection and mitigation program for the Medicare Program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. MEDICARE FRAUD, WASTE, AND ABUSE PRE-
- 4 VENTION SOLUTION.
- 5 (a) Establishment.—
- 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
- 7 Human Services (in this section referred to as the
- 8 "Secretary") shall develop and implement a fraud,

- 1 waste, and abuse comprehensive pre-payment review
- 2 prevention system (in this section referred to as the
- 3 "Prevention System") for reviewing claims for reim-
- 4 bursement under the Medicare Program under title
- 5 XVIII of the Social Security Act (in this section re-
- 6 ferred to as the "Medicare Program").
- 7 (2) Implementation.—The Secretary shall
- 8 carry out the Prevention System acting through the
- 9 Center for Program Integrity of the Centers for
- 10 Medicare & Medicaid Services.
- 11 (b) Selection of Claims Across All Provider
- 12 Types.—The Prevention System shall cover all types of
- 13 providers of services and suppliers under the Medicare
- 14 Program, but may be limited to a subset of claim seg-
- 15 ments.
- 16 (c) System Design Elements.—To the extent
- 17 practicable, the Prevention System, shall—
- 18 (1) be holistic;
- 19 (2) be able to view and analyze all provider of
- services, supplier, and patient activities from mul-
- 21 tiple providers of services and suppliers under the
- 22 Medicare Program;
- 23 (3) be able to be integrated into the health care
- claims flow in existence as of the date of the enact-
- 25 ment of this Act with minimal effort, time, and cost;

(4) be designed to use technologies, including predictive modeling, that can utilize integrated near real-time transaction risk scoring and referral strategy capabilities to identify transactions, patterns, anomalies, and linkages that are statistically unusual or suspicious and can undertake analysis before payment is made and that prioritizes unusual or suspicious claims in terms of likelihood of potential fraud, waste, or abuse to more efficiently utilize investigative resources;

(5) be designed to—

- (A) allow for ease of integration into multiple points along the claims flow under the Medicare Program (pre-adjudication and post-adjudication of such claims) in order to demonstratively show that the system ranks the likelihood of high-risk behavior patterns and of fraud, waste, or abuse; and
- (B) utilize experimental design methodology to monitor and measure the performance between the control treatments (which shall be the methods and assessments used as of the day before the date of the enactment of this Act to address fraud, waste, and abuse under the Medicare Program) and test treatments (which

1	shall be the Prevention System identification of
2	such fraud, waste, and abuse and actions taken
3	pursuant to such system to address such fraud
4	waste, and abuse); and
5	(6) be provided through competitively bid con-
6	tracts using the Federal Acquisition Regulations.
7	(d) System Operation.—
8	(1) Scoring and near real-time anal-
9	YSIS.—
10	(A) In General.—The Prevention System
11	shall identify high-risk Medicare claims by scor-
12	ing all such claims in near real-time, prior to
13	the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
14	making payment on such claims under the
15	Medicare Program.
16	(B) Use of scores.—The scores under
17	subparagraph (A) shall be communicated to the
18	fraud management system under subsection (f)
19	(C) NEAR REAL-TIME ANALYSIS.—Under
20	the Prevention System, the near real-time anal-
21	ysis of Medicare claims data shall be conducted
22	in a manner that ensures—
23	(i) prompt identification of fraud
24	waste, and abuse; and

1	(ii)	prompt	payment	of	legitimate
2	claims.				

- (2) Predictive Modeling.—The Prevention System shall involve the implementation of a statistically sound, empirically derived predictive modeling technology that is designed to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse (by identifying such fraud, waste, and abuse before payment is made under the Medicare Program on related claims). The Prevention System shall use a predictive model to identify fraud, waste, and abuse that is—
 - (A) based on historical transaction data, from across all markets and regions available, to build and continuously re-develop scoring models that are capable of incorporating external data and external models from other sources into the predictive model; and
 - (B) regularly updated, through the feedback loop under subsection (g), to provide information and incorporate data on reimbursement claims that is collected through the Prevention System, including information gathered through the investigation of claims for reimbursement under the Medicare Program that the system

1	identifies as being potentially fraudulent, waste-
2	ful, or abusive.
3	(3) Protections for patients and pro-
4	VIDERS.—The identification of an unusual or sus-
5	pect Medicare claim by the Prevention System
6	shall—
7	(A) not result in the denial of items or
8	services to an individual under the Medicare
9	Program until such claim is further reviewed by
10	the Secretary; and
11	(B) not result in a failure to comply with
12	prompt payment requirements under applicable
13	law.
14	(4) Compliance with hipaa.—Any data col-
15	lected, stored, or reviewed under the Prevention Sys-
16	tem shall be treated in a manner that is in accord-
17	ance with the regulations promulgated under section
18	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Ac-
19	countability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note)
20	and any other applicable law.
21	(e) Treatment of Data.—
22	(1) In General.—The Prevention System shall
23	be a high volume, rapid, near real-time information
24	technology solution, which includes data pooling and

1	scoring capabilities to quickly and accurately capture
2	and evaluate data.
3	(2) Data sources.—The Prevention System
4	shall, for purposes of preventing fraud, waste, and
5	abuse under the Medicare Program—
6	(A) use data from claims for reimburse-
7	ment under the Medicare Program contained in
8	existing files of Medicare claims data, including
9	the Common Working File of the Centers for
10	Medicare & Medicaid Services; and
11	(B) to the extent practicable, pool data
12	from all available Government sources (includ-
13	ing the Death Master File of the Social Secu-
14	rity Administration).
15	(3) Data Storage.—The Prevention System
16	shall be stored in an industry standard secure data
17	environment that complies with applicable Federal
18	privacy laws for use in building Medicare fraud,
19	waste, and abuse prevention predictive models that
20	have a comprehensive view of provider and supplier
21	activity across all markets, geographic areas, and
22	provider and supplier types.
23	(f) Fraud Management System.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Prevention System shall
25	utilize a fraud management system containing

1	workflow management and workstation tools to pro-
2	vide the ability to systematically present score, rea-
3	son codes, and treatment actions for high-risk scored
4	transactions, as determined under subsection (d).
5	(2) Review of Claims.—The fraud manage-
6	ment system under paragraph (1) shall ensure that
7	analysts who review Medicare claims have the capa-
8	bility to access, review, and research claims effi-
9	ciently, as well as decline or approve payments on
10	claims in an automated manner.
11	(g) Feedback Loop.—
12	(1) In general.—The Prevention System shall
13	utilize a feedback loop to gain access to outcome in-
14	formation on adjudicated Medicare claims so future
15	system enhancements can utilize previous experience.
16	(2) Purpose.—The purpose of the feedback
17	loop under paragraph (1) is to—
18	(A) enable the Secretary to measure—
19	(i) the actual amount of fraud, waste,
20	and abuse under the Medicare Program;
21	and
22	(ii) any savings to the Medicare Pro-
23	gram resulting from implementation of the
24	Prevention System; and

- 1 (B) provide necessary data to develop fu-2 ture, enhanced models for use in the Prevention 3 System.
 - (3) Analysis of final claims status.—The feedback loop under paragraph (1) shall analyze data from all carriers to provide post-payment information about the eventual status of a Medicare claim as "Normal", "Fraud", "Waste", "Abuse", or "Education required".

(h) CLAIMS REVIEW PRIOR TO PAYMENT.—

(1) Review before payment.—Subject to paragraph (2), if a claim for reimbursement under the Medicare Program is selected for review under the Prevention System, the Secretary shall not make a payment on such claim until such claim has been reviewed under the system. In order to carry out this paragraph, the Secretary shall ensure that appropriate controls and technology are in place to assess and measure the effectiveness of the Prevention System, predictive models used under such system, and the overall strategy for Medicare claims review.

(2) Timely review.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The review of a claim under the Prevention System shall occur in a timely manner.

- 1 (B) APPLICATION OF PROMPT PAYMENT
 2 REQUIREMENTS.—The limitation on payment
 3 under paragraph (1) shall not interfere with the
 4 prompt payment of a Medicare claim in accord5 ance with applicable law.
 - (3) Manual review.—If automated technology presents a score, reason code, or treatment action for a claim that is scored as "high-risk," the Prevention System shall provide for manual review of medical records related to such claim by both clinical and fraud investigators to ensure accuracy and mitigate false positive events.
 - (4) Self-audit review.—The Secretary may use self-audit practices by providers and suppliers under the Prevention System in a manner such that once high-risk claims are identified through the predictive modeling, providers and suppliers are offered the opportunity to adjust or withdraw their claims.
 - (5) Denial of Payment for Fraudulent Claims.—Under the Prevention System, if automated technology of a claim under paragraph (3) and manual review under paragraph (4) confirm fraud has occurred, the Secretary may deny payment of such claim.
 - (i) Annual Assessment Report.—

1	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
2	the implementation of the Prevention System, the
3	Secretary, through the Office of the Inspector Gen-
4	eral of the Department of Health and Human Serv-
5	ices, shall submit to Congress a report on the imple-
6	mentation of such system.
7	(2) Contents.—The report submitted under
8	paragraph (1) may contain—
9	(A) a detailed assessment of the Preven-
10	tion System's success in identifying fraud,
11	waste, and abuse;
12	(B) the costs of operating the Prevention
13	System; and
14	(C) an analysis of the overall return on in-
15	vestment for the Prevention System.
16	(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
17	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
18	such sums as may be necessary.
19	(k) Expansion.—If the Secretary determines that
20	the Prevention System results in savings to the Medicare
21	Program, the Secretary shall expand the project through-
22	out Federal health programs, including the Medicaid Pro-
23	gram under title XIX of the Social Security Act and the

- 1 Children's Health Insurance Program under title XXI of
- 2 such Act.

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